

Introduction

A `TourBoard` object represents the rectangular board used to solve the Knight's Tour Problem.

Data Members

- `int m_rows` – the number of rows in the board.
- `int m_cols` – the number of columns in the board.
- `int m_num_of_moves` – the number of knight's moves made so far.
- `int m_board[15][15]` – the board, with a maximum of 15 rows and 15 columns. Each cell records the order in which that square was visited.

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- `TourBoard();`
Constructs a `TourBoard` with 0 rows and 0 columns.
- `TourBoard(int r, int c);`
Constructs a `TourBoard` with `r` rows and `c` columns, with each cell initialized to 0.

Inspectors

- `int rows() const;`
Returns the number of rows in the board.
- `int cols() const;`
Returns the number of columns in the board.
- `bool occupied(Point p) const;`
Returns `true` if the knight has already visited that square. It returns `false` otherwise.
- `bool solved() const;`
Returns `true` if the puzzle has been solved. It returns `false` otherwise.

Mutators

- `void move(Point& p);`

Increments the data member `m_num_of_moves`. Then updates the cell in the position indicated by the point `p` by assigning to it the number of moves.

- `void remove(Point& p);`

Decrements the data member `m_num_of_moves`. Then updates the cell in the position indicated by the point `p` by assigning to it the value 0.

Other Member Functions

- `void draw() const;`

Displays the values in the cells in a rectangular array.

- `bool isLegal(Point& p) const;`

Returns `true` if it is legal to move to the square indicated by the point `p`. Returns `false` otherwise.